Veggie Box Newsletter

Week 8: April 23

Welcome to week 8 of the Spring Veggie Box! Food traditions that have been passed through your family are more than just recipes - they're windows into the culture and history of those who came before you. For most people, there are specific foods and recipes that help to connect us to a culture or history that has been handed down for generations. The intersection of food with culture and history is understood through the study of foodways. Foodways are all of the traditional activities, attitudes, beliefs and behaviors associated with the food in your daily life. Foodways include customs of food production, preservation, preparation, presentation, gathering, marketing (both buying and selling), uses of food products other than for eating and food folklore. Foodways connect people to a geographic region, a climate, a period of time, an ethnic or religious group, and a family. New foodways are being created or revived all the time - for example, there is a renewed interest in canning and preserving as a result of foodways being rediscovered. The first week of the season we asked in what ways has colonialism disrupted indigenous foodways. Removed from their lands and forced to assimilate into the so-called "mainstream" culture, many Native people no longer live in their traditional territories, nor do they eat their traditional foods. Today, many traditional foods are on the verge of extinction. Others are more abundant, but due to tremendous land loss are inaccessible to Native communities. Other foods may be available; however the traditional knowledge of how to utilize and prepare them has been severely diminished. Despite these setbacks, Indigenous people around the world are finding unique and innovative ways to adapt and revitalize their foodways on reservations, on public land, in rural parks, and in urban gardens. Have you heard of any of these initiatives? Thank you for supporting local food!

Producer Spotlight

Half Barn Farm

Veggie Box

What's in the Box?

Microgreens, Hunter Park GardenHouse, Lansing Organic Onions, MSU Student Organic Farm, Holt Parsley, Hunter Park GardenHouse, Lansing Organic Potatoes, Cinzori Farms, Ceresco Organic Collards, CBI's Giving Tree Farm, Lansing Lettuce, Hunter Park GardenHouse, Lansing Green Garlic, Half Barn Farm, Lansing Organic Carrots, MSU Student Organic Farm, Holt

Add-Ons

Bread, Stone Circle Bakehouse, Holt Meat Variety, Overland Lamb and Wool, Jonesville; Grazing Fields Cooperative, Charlotte; Trillium Wood Farm, Williamston Cheese, Hickory Knoll Farms Creamery, Onondaga Chevre, Hickory Knoll Farms Creamery, Onondaga Cold Brew, Rust Belt Roastery, Lansing Kombucha, Apple Blossom Kombucha, Lansing Sweet Treats, Stone Circle Bakehouse, Holt Eggs, Grazing Fields Cooperative, Charlotte Pork, Grazing Fields Cooperative, Charlotte Chicken, Trillium Wood Farm, Williamston Beef, Heffron Farms, Belding

Ben Linsemier founded Half Barn Farm in 2012 on Lansing's Eastside when a large plot of scrubby land on the 600 block of South Clemens became available through the Ingham County Land Bank's Garden Program. On nearly an acre of land, and with a hoophouse on-site, Ben grows a variety of local produce. Half Barn Farm wants to help nourish a vibrant healthy community and local food system while being a good steward of the land for those that follow.

Crop Profile

Green Garlic

The easiest way to think about green garlic is that it's baby garlic. It has a long green top that looks a bit like scallions, sometimes a tiny bulb at the end, and it may even be tinged with a bit of pink. Green garlic is more mellow and less spicy in flavor then regular garlic, and is usually harvested in the spring. Any recipe that calls for garlic — sautés, sauces, roasts, and more — can be substituted with green garlic. Since it's a bit more mild, you may want to use more to get a stronger flavor. That also means you can use it raw, like you would scallions, without worrying about a biting pungency. To prepare it, simply trim off the very bottom part (the bulb with roots) and then use the tender white and light green parts as you wish.

Recipes and Tips!

Garlic Parmesan Roasted Carrots

Veggie Box carrots, washed and halved 2 tbsp olive oil Veggie Box green garlic, minced 2 tbsp grated parmesan cheese 1 tablespoon Panko bread crumbs, (or normal breadcrumbs) Salt and pepper, to taste Fresh chopped Veggie Box parsley

Preheat oven to 400°F (200°C). Lightly grease or spray a baking sheet with cooking oil spray.Arrange carrots on baking sheet. Add the olive oil, garlic, parmesan, bread crumbs, salt and pepper. Toss all ingredients together to completely coat the carrots. Spread out and bake for 20-25 minutes or until tender. Toss with a spatula half way through.Remove from oven and serve immediately. Top with fresh parsley if desired.

Latkes

Veggie box Potatoes 1 cup of diced Veggie Box onion 1 egg 1/4 cup of flour or matzo meal 1/2 of Veggie Box green garlic, minced 1 1/2 teaspoons of kosher salt, to taste Canola or peanut oil, for frying Applesauce and sour cream, for serving

Shred potatoes and place in a bowl of water and let sit for 1 hour. A layer of potato starch will form in the bottom of the bowl - you will want to remove potatoes and pour off water, but reserve the starch. Wrap shredded potatoes in a cheesecloth or tea-towel. Twist bundle until water flows out, and squeeze all potatoes until dry. Transfer potatoes to a large mixing bowl along with diced onion. Mix starch into potato and onion mixture with your hands. Mix in egg, salt and matzo meal/flour until latke mix can be formed into patties that just stick together in your hands. Heat1/2 inch oil in a cast iron skillet over medium-high heat until a shred of potato immediately bubbles when added to pan. Form latke mix into patties and slide into pan, cooking no more than 4 at a time. Fry until a golden-brown crust forms on bottom, then flip with a slotted spatula and fork until same color is achieved on other side. Serve with either sour cream or applesauce on top.

Spicy Chickpea, Collards, and Potato Curry

1 tbsp vegetable oil 1 1/2 cup of Veggie Box onion, chopped Veggie Box green garlic (the white and the light green parts), minced 2-inch fresh ginger root, minced 1 tsp ground turmeric 1 tsp ground cumin 1 tsp ground coriander ¹/₂ tsp ground cinnamon ¹/₄ tsp ground cayenne pepper ¹/₄ tsp ground black pepper 28 fl oz canned whole tomatoes 19 oz canned chickpeas, drained and rinsed 2/3 Veggie Box potatoes, chopped in 1¹/₂-inch chunks Veggie Box collards, stems removed and chopped into small pieces $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{3}{4}$ cup water (or coconut milk for creamier texture) Salt. to taste

In a small bowl, combine the spices (minus the salt) and set aside. In a blender, puree the whole tomatoes (with juice) and set aside. In a large saucepan, heat the oil over medium-high heat and add onions with a small pinch of salt. Stir occasionally until onions are browned, 5-6 minutes. Add in the garlic and ginger and stir to combine with the onions for 15 seconds (do not allow the garlic to burn). Then stir in the spice blend until fragrant, about 30 seconds. Mix in the pureed tomatoes, chickpeas, and potatoes, making sure to scrape the bottom of the pan to get the brown bits. Stir in $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{3}{4}$ cup of water (or coconut milk) if necessary (enough to just cover the top of the chunky ingredients).Bring the mixture to boil and then cover and simmer for 15 minutes. Next, stir in the collards and cover for another 5 minutes. until the collards are tender. Taste for additional salt. Serve immediately with rice.

